Package 'mcboost'

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Type Package

Title Multi-Calibration Boosting

Version 0.4.3

Description Implements 'Multi-Calibration Boosting' (2018) <https:

//proceedings.mlr.press/v80/hebert-johnson18a.html> and 'Multi-Accuracy Boosting' (2019) <doi:10.48550/arXiv.1805.12317> for the multicalibration of a machine learning model's prediction. 'MCBoost' updates predictions for sub-groups in an iterative fashion in order to mitigate biases like poor calibration or large accuracy differences across subgroups. Multi-Calibration works best in scenarios where the underlying data & labels are unbiased, but resulting models are. This is often the case, e.g. when an algorithm fits a majority population while ignoring or underfitting minority populations.

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URL https://github.com/mlr-org/mcboost

BugReports https://github.com/mlr-org/mcboost/issues

Encoding UTF-8

Depends R (>= 3.1.0)

- **Imports** backports, checkmate (>= 2.0.0), data.table (>= 1.13.6), mlr3 (>= 0.10), mlr3misc (>= 0.8.0), mlr3pipelines (>= 0.3.0), R6 (>= 2.4.1), rmarkdown, rpart, glmnet
- **Suggests** curl, lgr, formattable, tidyverse, PracTools, mlr3learners, mlr3oml, neuralnet, paradox, knitr, ranger, xgboost, covr, testthat (>= 3.1.0)

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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NeedsCompilation no

```
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mcboost-package

mcboost: Multi-Calibration Boosting

Description

Implements 'Multi-Calibration Boosting' (2018) https://proceedings.mlr.press/v80/hebert-johnson18a. html and 'Multi-Accuracy Boosting' (2019) doi:10.48550/arXiv.1805.12317 for the multi-calibration of a machine learning model's prediction. 'MCBoost' updates predictions for sub-groups in an iterative fashion in order to mitigate biases like poor calibration or large accuracy differences across subgroups. Multi-Calibration works best in scenarios where the underlying data & labels are unbiased, but resulting models are. This is often the case, e.g. when an algorithm fits a majority population while ignoring or under-fitting minority populations.

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AuditorFitter

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References

Kim et al., 2019: Multiaccuracy: Black-Box Post-Processing for Fairness in Classification. Hebert-Johnson et al., 2018: Multicalibration: Calibration for the (Computationally-Identifiable) Masses. Pfisterer F, Kern C, Dandl S, Sun M, Kim M, Bischl B (2021). "mcboost: Multi-Calibration Boosting for R." *Journal of Open Source Software*, **6**(64), 3453. doi:10.21105/joss.03453, https: //joss.theoj.org/papers/10.21105/joss.03453.

See Also

Useful links:

- https://github.com/mlr-org/mcboost
- Report bugs at https://github.com/mlr-org/mcboost/issues

AuditorFitter AuditorFitter Abstract Base Class

Description

Defines an AuditorFitter abstract base class.

Value

list with items

- corr: pseudo-correlation between residuals and learner prediction.
- 1: the trained learner.

Methods

Public methods:

- AuditorFitter\$new()
- AuditorFitter\$fit_to_resid()
- AuditorFitter\$fit()
- AuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize a AuditorFitter. This is an abstract base class.

Usage: AuditorFitter\$new() Method fit_to_resid(): Fit to residuals. Usage: AuditorFitter\$fit_to_resid(data, resid, mask) Arguments: data data.table Features. resid numeric Residuals (of same length as data). mask integer Mask applied to the data. Only used for SubgroupAuditorFitter.

Method fit(): Fit (mostly used internally, use fit_to_resid).

```
Usage:
AuditorFitter$fit(data, resid, mask)
Arguments:
data data.table
Features.
resid numeric
Residuals (of same length as data).
mask integer
Mask applied to the data. Only used for SubgroupAuditorFitter.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
AuditorFitter$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

CVLearnerAuditorFitter

Cross-validated AuditorFitter from a Learner

Description

CVLearnerAuditorFitter returns the cross-validated predictions instead of the in-sample predictions. Available data is cut into complementary subsets (folds). For each subset out-of-sample predictions are received by training a model on all other subsets and predicting afterwards on the left-out subset.

Value

```
AuditorFitter
```

list with items

- corr: pseudo-correlation between residuals and learner prediction.
- 1: the trained learner.

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CVLearnerAuditorFitter

Functions

- CVTreeAuditorFitter: Cross-Validated auditor based on rpart
- CVRidgeAuditorFitter: Cross-Validated auditor based on glmnet

Super class

mcboost::AuditorFitter -> CVLearnerAuditorFitter

Public fields

learner CVLearnerPredictor Learner used for fitting residuals.

Methods

Public methods:

- CVLearnerAuditorFitter\$new()
- CVLearnerAuditorFitter\$fit()
- CVLearnerAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Define a CVAuditorFitter from a learner. Available instantiations:

CVTreeAuditorFitter (rpart) and CVRidgeAuditorFitter (glmnet). See mlr3pipelines::PipeOpLearnerCV for more information on cross-validated learners.

Usage:

```
CVLearnerAuditorFitter$new(learner, folds = 3L)
```

Arguments:

learner mlr3::Learner

Regression Learner to use.

```
folds integer
```

Number of folds to use for PipeOpLearnerCV. Defaults to 3.

Method fit(): Fit the cross-validated learner and compute correlation

Usage:

CVLearnerAuditorFitter\$fit(data, resid, mask)

Arguments:

```
data data.table
```

Features.

resid numeric

Residuals (of same length as data).

mask integer

Mask applied to the data. Only used for SubgroupAuditorFitter.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: CVLearnerAuditorFitter\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Super classes

```
mcboost::AuditorFitter -> mcboost::CVLearnerAuditorFitter -> CVTreeAuditorFitter
```

Methods

Public methods:

- CVTreeAuditorFitter\$new()
- CVTreeAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Define a cross-validated AuditorFitter from a rpart learner See mlr3pipelines::PipeOpLearnerCV for more information on cross-validated learners.

Usage: CVTreeAuditorFitter\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: CVTreeAuditorFitter\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Super classes

```
mcboost::AuditorFitter -> mcboost::CVLearnerAuditorFitter -> CVRidgeAuditorFitter
```

Methods

Public methods:

- CVRidgeAuditorFitter\$new()
- CVRidgeAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Define a cross-validated AuditorFitter from a glmnet learner. See mlr3pipelines::PipeOpLearnerCV for more information on cross-validated learners.

Usage:

CVRidgeAuditorFitter\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: CVRidgeAuditorFitter\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

Other AuditorFitter: LearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter Other AuditorFitter: LearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter Other AuditorFitter: LearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter LearnerAuditorFitter Create an AuditorFitter from a Learner

Description

Instantiates an AuditorFitter that trains a mlr3::Learner on the data.

Value

AuditorFitter

list with items

- corr: pseudo-correlation between residuals and learner prediction.
- 1: the trained learner.

Functions

- TreeAuditorFitter: Learner auditor based on rpart
- RidgeAuditorFitter: Learner auditor based on glmnet

Super class

mcboost::AuditorFitter -> LearnerAuditorFitter

Public fields

learner LearnerPredictor Learner used for fitting residuals.

Methods

Public methods:

- LearnerAuditorFitter\$new()
- LearnerAuditorFitter\$fit()
- LearnerAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Define an AuditorFitter from a Learner. Available instantiations: TreeAuditorFitter (rpart) and RidgeAuditorFitter (glmnet).

Usage:

LearnerAuditorFitter\$new(learner)

Arguments:

learner mlr3::Learner

Regression learner to use.

Method fit(): Fit the learner and compute correlation

```
Usage:
LearnerAuditorFitter$fit(data, resid, mask)
Arguments:
data data.table
Features.
resid numeric
Residuals (of same length as data).
mask integer
Mask applied to the data. Only used for SubgroupAuditorFitter.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
LearnerAuditorFitter$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Super classes

mcboost::AuditorFitter -> mcboost::LearnerAuditorFitter -> TreeAuditorFitter

Methods

Public methods:

- TreeAuditorFitter\$new()
- TreeAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Define a AuditorFitter from a rpart learner.

Usage:

TreeAuditorFitter\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

TreeAuditorFitter\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Super classes

mcboost::AuditorFitter -> mcboost::LearnerAuditorFitter -> RidgeAuditorFitter

MCBoost

Methods

Public methods:

- RidgeAuditorFitter\$new()
- RidgeAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Define a AuditorFitter from a glmnet learner.

Usage: RidgeAuditorFitter\$new()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: RidgeAuditorFitter\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

Other AuditorFitter: CVLearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter Other AuditorFitter: CVLearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter Other AuditorFitter: CVLearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter

MCBoost

Multi-Calibration Boosting

Description

Implements Multi-Calibration Boosting by Hebert-Johnson et al. (2018) and Multi-Accuracy Boosting by Kim et al. (2019) for the multi-calibration of a machine learning model's prediction. Multi-Calibration works best in scenarios where the underlying data & labels are unbiased but a bias is introduced within the algorithm's fitting procedure. This is often the case, e.g. when an algorithm fits a majority population while ignoring or under-fitting minority populations.

Expects initial models that fit binary outcomes or continuous outcomes with predictions that are in (or scaled to) the 0-1 range. The method defaults to Multi-Accuracy Boosting as described in Kim et al. (2019). In order to obtain behaviour as described in Hebert-Johnson et al. (2018) set multiplicative=FALSE and num_buckets to 10.

For additional details, please refer to the relevant publications:

- Hebert-Johnson et al., 2018. Multicalibration: Calibration for the (Computationally-Identifiable) Masses. Proceedings of the 35th International Conference on Machine Learning, PMLR 80:1939-1948. https://proceedings.mlr.press/v80/hebert-johnson18a.html.
- Kim et al., 2019. Multiaccuracy: Black-Box Post-Processing for Fairness in Classification. Proceedings of the 2019 AAAI/ACM Conference on AI, Ethics, and Society (AIES '19). Association for Computing Machinery, New York, NY, USA, 247–254. https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3306618.3314287

Public fields

max_iter integer

The maximum number of iterations of the multi-calibration/multi-accuracy method.

alpha numeric

Accuracy parameter that determines the stopping condition.

eta numeric

Parameter for multiplicative weight update (step size).

num_buckets integer

The number of buckets to split into in addition to using the whole sample.

bucket_strategy character

Currently only supports "simple", even split along probabilities. Only relevant for num_buckets > 1.

- rebucket logical Should buckets be re-calculated at each iteration?
- eval_fulldata logical Should auditor be evaluated on the full data?
- partition logical

True/False flag for whether to split up predictions by their "partition" (e.g., predictions less than 0.5 and predictions greater than 0.5).

multiplicative logical

Specifies the strategy for updating the weights (multiplicative weight vs additive).

iter_sampling character

Specifies the strategy to sample the validation data for each iteration.

auditor_fitter AuditorFitter

Specifies the type of model used to fit the residuals.

- predictor function Initial predictor function.
- iter_models list Cumulative list of fitted models.
- iter_partitions list Cumulative list of data partitions for models.
- iter_corr list Auditor correlation in each iteration.
- auditor_effects list Auditor effect in each iteration.
- bucket_strategies character Possible bucket_strategies.
- weight_degree integer Weighting degree for low-degree multi-calibration.

MCBoost

Methods

Public methods:

- MCBoost\$new()
- MCBoost\$multicalibrate()
- MCBoost\$predict_probs()
- MCBoost\$auditor_effect()
- MCBoost\$print()
- MCBoost\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize a multi-calibration instance.

```
Usage:
MCBoost$new(
 max_{iter} = 5,
  alpha = 1e-04,
  eta = 1,
  num_buckets = 2,
  partition = ifelse(num_buckets > 1, TRUE, FALSE),
  bucket_strategy = "simple",
  rebucket = FALSE,
  eval_fulldata = FALSE,
 multiplicative = TRUE,
  auditor_fitter = NULL,
  subpops = NULL,
  default_model_class = ConstantPredictor,
  init_predictor = NULL,
  iter_sampling = "none",
 weight_degree = 1L
)
```

Arguments:

```
max_iter integer
```

The maximum number of iterations of the multi-calibration/multi-accuracy method. Default 5L.

alpha numeric

Accuracy parameter that determines the stopping condition. Default 1e-4.

eta numeric

Parameter for multiplicative weight update (step size). Default 1.0.

num_buckets integer

The number of buckets to split into in addition to using the whole sample. Default 2L.

partition logical

True/False flag for whether to split up predictions by their "partition" (e.g., predictions less than 0.5 and predictions greater than 0.5). Defaults to TRUE (multi-accuracy boosting).

bucket_strategy character

Currently only supports "simple", even split along probabilities. Only taken into account for num_buckets > 1.

rebucket logical

Should buckets be re-done at each iteration? Default FALSE.

eval_fulldata logical

Should the auditor be evaluated on the full data or on the respective bucket for determining the stopping criterion? Default FALSE, auditor is only evaluated on the bucket. This setting keeps the implementation closer to the Algorithm proposed in the corresponding multi-accuracy paper (Kim et al., 2019) where auditor effects are computed across the full sample (i.e. eval_fulldata = TRUE).

```
multiplicative logical
```

Specifies the strategy for updating the weights (multiplicative weight vs additive). Defaults to TRUE (multi-accuracy boosting). Set to FALSE for multi-calibration.

auditor_fitter AuditorFitterlcharacterlmlr3::Learner

Specifies the type of model used to fit the residuals. The default is RidgeAuditorFitter. Can be a character, the name of a AuditorFitter, a mlr3::Learner that is then autoconverted into a LearnerAuditorFitter or a custom AuditorFitter.

subpops list

Specifies a collection of characteristic attributes and the values they take to define subpopulations e.g. list(age = c('20-29', '30-39', '40+'), nJobs = c(0,1,2, '3+'), ...).

default_model_class Predictor

The class of the model that should be used as the init predictor model if init_predictor is not specified. Defaults to ConstantPredictor which predicts a constant value.

init_predictor functionlmlr3::Learner

The initial predictor function to use (i.e., if the user has a pretrained model). If a mlr3 Learner is passed, it will be autoconverted using mlr3_init_predictor. This requires the mlr3::Learner to be trained.

iter_sampling character

How to sample the validation data for each iteration? Can be bootstrap, split or none. "split" splits the data into max_iter parts and validates on each sample in each iteration. "bootstrap" uses a new bootstrap sample in each iteration. "none" uses the same dataset in each iteration.

weight_degree character

Weighting degree for low-degree multi-calibration. Initialized to 1, which applies constant weighting with 1.

Method multicalibrate(): Run multi-calibration.

Usage:

MCBoost\$multicalibrate(data, labels, predictor_args = NULL, audit = FALSE, ...)

Arguments:

data data.table

Features.

labels numeric

One-hot encoded labels (of same length as data).

```
predictor_args any
```

Arguments passed on to init_predictor. Defaults to NULL.

```
audit logical
```

Perform auditing? Initialized to TRUE.

... any

Params passed on to other methods.

MCBoost

Returns: NULL

Method predict_probs(): Predict a dataset with multi-calibrated predictions

Usage:

```
MCBoost$predict_probs(x, t = Inf, predictor_args = NULL, audit = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments:

```
x data.table
```

Prediction data.

t integer

Number of multi-calibration steps to predict. Default: Inf (all).

predictor_args any

Arguments passed on to init_predictor. Defaults to NULL.

audit logical

Should audit weights be stored? Default FALSE.

... any

Params passed on to the residual prediction model's predict method.

```
Returns: numeric
```

Numeric vector of multi-calibrated predictions.

Method auditor_effect(): Compute the auditor effect for each instance which are the cumulative absolute predictions of the auditor. It indicates "how much" each observation was affected by multi-calibration on average across iterations.

```
Usage:
MCBoost$auditor_effect(
  х,
  aggregate = TRUE,
  t = Inf,
  predictor_args = NULL,
)
Arguments:
x data.table
    Prediction data.
aggregate logical
    Should the auditor effect be aggregated across iterations? Defaults to TRUE.
t integer
    Number of multi-calibration steps to predict. Defaults to Inf (all).
predictor_args any
    Arguments passed on to init_predictor. Defaults to NULL.
... any
    Params passed on to the residual prediction model's predict method.
Returns: numeric
Numeric vector of auditor effects for each row in x.
```

Method print(): Prints information about multi-calibration.

```
Usage:
MCBoost$print(...)
Arguments:
... any
Not used.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
MCBoost$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

Examples

```
# See vignette for more examples.
# Instantiate the object
## Not run:
mc = MCBoost$new()
# Run multi-calibration on training dataset.
mc$multicalibrate(iris[1:100, 1:4], factor(sample(c("A", "B"), 100, TRUE)))
# Predict on test set
mc$predict_probs(iris[101:150, 1:4])
# Get auditor effect
mc$auditor_effect(iris[101:150, 1:4])
## End(Not run)
```

mlr3_init_predictor Create an initial predictor function from a trained mlr3 learner

Description

Create an initial predictor function from a trained mlr3 learner

Usage

```
mlr3_init_predictor(learner)
```

Arguments

learner mlr3::Learner A trained learner used for initialization.

Value

function

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mlr_pipeops_mcboost

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("mlr3")
l = lrn("classif.featureless")$train(tsk("sonar"))
mlr3_init_predictor(l)
```

End(Not run)

mlr_pipeops_mcboost Multi-Calibrate a Learner's Prediction

Description

mlr3pipelines::PipeOp that trains a Learner and passes its predictions forward during training and prediction.

Post-process a learner prediction using multi-calibration. For more details, please refer to https://arxiv.org/pdf/1805.12317.pdf (Kim et al. 2018) or the help for MCBoost. If no init_predictor is provided, the preceding learner's predictions corresponding to the prediction slot are used as an initial predictor for MCBoost.

Format

R6Class inheriting from mlr3pipelines::PipeOp. R6Class inheriting from mlr3pipelines::PipeOp.

Construction

PipeOpLearnerPred\$new(learner, id = NULL, param_vals = list())

```
* `learner` :: [`Learner`][mlr3::Learner] \cr
[`Learner`][mlr3::Learner] to prediction, or a string identifying a
[`Learner`][mlr3::Learner] in the [`mlr3::mlr_learners`] [`Dictionary`][mlr3misc::Dictionary].
* `id` :: `character(1)`
Identifier of the resulting object, internally defaulting to the `id` of the [`Learner`][mlr3::Learner
* `param_vals` :: named `list`\cr
```

List of hyperparameter settings, overwriting the hyperparameter settings that would otherwise be set d

```
[mlr3::Learner]: R:mlr3::Learner
[mlr3::Learner]: R:mlr3::Learner
[mlr3::Learner]: R:mlr3::Learner
[`mlr3::mlr_learners`]: R:%60mlr3::mlr_learners%60
[mlr3misc::Dictionary]: R:mlr3misc::Dictionary
[mlr3::Learner]: R:mlr3::Learner
```

```
PipeOpMCBoost$new(id = "mcboost", param_vals = list())
```

- id :: character(1) Identifier of the resulting object, default "threshold".
- param_vals :: named list

List of hyperparameter settings, overwriting the hyperparameter settings that would otherwise be set during construction. See MCBoost for a comprehensive description of all hyperparameters.

Input and Output Channels

PipeOpLearnerPred has one input channel named "input", taking a Task specific to the Learner type given to learner during construction; both during training and prediction.

PipeOpLearnerPred has one output channel named "output", producing a Task specific to the Learner type given to learner during construction; both during training and prediction.

During training, the input and output are "data" and "prediction", two TaskClassif. A PredictionClassif is required as input and returned as output during prediction.

State

The \$state is a MCBoost Object as obtained from MCBoost\$new().

Parameters

The \$state is set to the \$state slot of the Learner object, together with the \$state elements inherited from mlr3pipelines::PipeOpTaskPreproc. It is a named list with the inherited members, as well as:

- model :: any Model created by the Learner's \$.train() function.
- train_log :: data.table with columns class (character), msg (character) Errors logged during training.
- train_time :: numeric(1) Training time, in seconds.
- predict_log :: NULL | data.table with columns class (character), msg (character) Errors logged during prediction.
- predict_time :: NULL | numeric(1) Prediction time, in seconds.
- max_iter :: integer A integer specifying the number of multi-calibration rounds. Defaults to 5.

Fields

Fields inherited from PipeOp, as well as:

- learner :: Learner Learner that is being wrapped. Read-only.
- learner_model :: Learner Learner that is being wrapped. This learner contains the model if the PipeOp is trained. Read-only.

Only fields inherited from mlr3pipelines::PipeOp.

Methods

Methods inherited from mlr3pipelines::PipeOpTaskPreproc/mlr3pipelines::PipeOp. Only methods inherited from mlr3pipelines::PipeOp.

Super classes

mlr3pipelines::PipeOp -> mlr3pipelines::PipeOpTaskPreproc -> PipeOpLearnerPred

Active bindings

learner The wrapped learner.

learner_model The wrapped learner's model(s).

Methods

Public methods:

- PipeOpLearnerPred\$new()
- PipeOpLearnerPred\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize a Learner Predictor PipeOp. Can be used to wrap trained or untrainted mlr3 learners.

Usage:

```
PipeOpLearnerPred$new(learner, id = NULL, param_vals = list())
```

Arguments:

learner Learner
The learner that should be wrapped.
id character
The PipeOp's id. Defaults to "mcboost".
param_vals list

List of hyperparameters for the PipeOp.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

PipeOpLearnerPred\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Super class

mlr3pipelines::PipeOp -> PipeOpMCBoost

Active bindings

predict_type Predict type of the PipeOp.

Methods

Public methods:

- PipeOpMCBoost\$new()
- PipeOpMCBoost\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize a Multi-Calibration PipeOp.

```
Usage:
PipeOpMCBoost$new(id = "mcboost", param_vals = list())
Arguments:
id character
```

The PipeOp's id. Defaults to "mcboost".

```
param_vals list
List of hyperparameters for the PipeOp.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: PipeOpMCBoost\$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/list-pipeops.html

https://mlr3book.mlr-org.com/list-pipeops.html

Examples

```
## Not run:
gr = gunion(list(
    "data" = po("nop"),
    "prediction" = po("learner_cv", lrn("classif.rpart"))
)) %>%
    PipeOpMCBoost$new()
tsk = tsk("sonar")
tid = sample(1:208, 108)
gr$train(tsk$clone()$filter(tid))
gr$predict(tsk$clone()$filter(setdiff(1:208, tid)))
```

End(Not run)

one_hot

Description

One-hot encode a factor variable

Usage

one_hot(labels)

Arguments

labels factor Factor to encode.

Value

integer Integer vector of encoded labels.

Examples

```
## Not run:
one_hot(factor(c("a", "b", "a")))
```

End(Not run)

ppl_mcboost Multi-calibration pipeline

Description

Wraps MCBoost in a Pipeline to be used with mlr3pipelines. For now this assumes training on the same dataset that is later used for multi-calibration.

Usage

```
ppl_mcboost(learner = lrn("classif.featureless"), param_vals = list())
```

Arguments

learner	(mlr3)mlr3::Learner
	Initial learner. Internally wrapped into a PipeOpLearnerCV with resampling.method
	= "insample" as a default. All parameters can be adjusted through the result-
	ing Graph's param_set. Defaults to lrn("classif.featureless"). Note: An
	initial predictor can also be supplied via the init_predictor parameter.
param_vals	list
	List of parameter values passed on to MCBoost\$new.

Value

(mlr3pipelines) Graph

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("mlr3pipelines")
gr = ppl_mcboost()
```

End(Not run)

SubgroupAuditorFitter Static AuditorFitter based on Subgroups

Description

Used to assess multi-calibration based on a list of binary subgroup_masks passed during initialization.

Value

AuditorFitter

list with items

- corr: pseudo-correlation between residuals and learner prediction.
- 1: the trained learner.

Super class

mcboost::AuditorFitter -> SubgroupAuditorFitter

Public fields

subgroup_masks list List of subgroup masks. Initialize a SubgroupAuditorFitter

Methods

Public methods:

- SubgroupAuditorFitter\$new()
- SubgroupAuditorFitter\$fit()
- SubgroupAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Initializes a SubgroupAuditorFitter that assesses multi-calibration within each group defined by the 'subpops'.

Usage:

SubgroupAuditorFitter\$new(subgroup_masks)

Arguments:

```
subgroup_masks list
```

List of subgroup masks. Subgroup masks are list(s) of integer masks, each with the same length as data to be fitted on. They allow defining subgroups of the data.

Method fit(): Fit the learner and compute correlation

Usage:

SubgroupAuditorFitter\$fit(data, resid, mask)

Arguments:

```
data data.table
```

Features.

resid numeric

Residuals (of same length as data).

```
mask integer
```

Mask applied to the data. Only used for SubgroupAuditorFitter.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
SubgroupAuditorFitter$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

Other AuditorFitter: CVLearnerAuditorFitter, LearnerAuditorFitter, SubpopAuditorFitter

Examples

```
library("data.table")
data = data.table(
    "AGE_0_10" = c(1, 1, 0, 0, 0),
    "AGE_11_20" = c(0, 0, 1, 0, 0),
    "AGE_21_31" = c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1),
    "X1" = runif(5),
    "X2" = runif(5)
```

```
)
label = c(1,0,0,1,1)
masks = list(
    "M1" = c(1L, 0L, 1L, 1L, 0L),
    "M2" = c(1L, 0L, 0L, 0L, 1L)
)
sg = SubgroupAuditorFitter$new(masks)
```

SubpopAuditorFitter Static AuditorFitter based on Subpopulations

Description

Used to assess multi-calibration based on a list of binary valued columns: subpops passed during initialization.

Value

AuditorFitter

list with items

- corr: pseudo-correlation between residuals and learner prediction.
- 1: the trained learner.

Super class

mcboost::AuditorFitter -> SubpopAuditorFitter

Public fields

subpops list

List of subpopulation indicators. Initialize a SubpopAuditorFitter

Methods

Public methods:

- SubpopAuditorFitter\$new()
- SubpopAuditorFitter\$fit()
- SubpopAuditorFitter\$clone()

Method new(): Initializes a SubpopAuditorFitter that assesses multi-calibration within each group defined by the subpops'. Names in subpops' must correspond to columns in the data.

Usage:

SubpopAuditorFitter\$new(subpops)

Arguments:

22

SubpopAuditorFitter

```
subpops list
```

Specifies a collection of characteristic attributes and the values they take to define subpopulations e.g. list(age = c('20-29', '30-39', '40+'), nJobs = c(0,1,2, '3+'), ...).

Method fit(): Fit the learner and compute correlation

```
Usage:
SubpopAuditorFitter$fit(data, resid, mask)
Arguments:
data data.table
Features.
resid numeric
Residuals (of same length as data).
mask integer
Mask applied to the data. Only used for SubgroupAuditorFitter.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
SubpopAuditorFitter$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

See Also

Other AuditorFitter: CVLearnerAuditorFitter, LearnerAuditorFitter, SubgroupAuditorFitter

Examples

```
library("data.table")
data = data.table(
    "AGE_NA" = c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
    "AGE_0_10" = c(1, 1, 0, 0, 0),
    "AGE_11_20" = c(0, 0, 1, 0, 0),
    "AGE_21_31" = c(0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0),
    "AGE_21_31" = c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1),
    "X1" = runif(5),
    "X2" = runif(5)
)
label = c(1,0,0,1,1)
pops = list("AGE_NA", "AGE_0_10", "AGE_11_20", "AGE_21_31", function(x) {x[["X1" > 0.5]]})
sf = SubpopAuditorFitter$new(subpops = pops)
sf$fit(data, label - 0.5)
```

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